



Configuring a D-Link Router

DIR-825 Basic Configuration Steps







Configuring Your Router

STEP 1 (a): Connect Your PC to the Router

- Unbox the router and power up the router.
- Connect the Act internet cable to the WAN/Internet port(different coloured port) of the router.
- An extra cable will be available with the router, take LAN cable connect one end to the LAN port(1-4) of the router(any one port) and one end to the PC or Laptop.
- In the system press key & R key together + R to open Run dialog box.
- Type ipconfig on the command prompt(Black screen) . The default gateway of the LAN or Ethernet

adapter will be the Router address. (Ex:192.168.1.1)

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C:\Users\User>\poonfig

Jindows IP Configuration

Jircless LAN adapter Wircless Network Connection:

Media State . . . . . . . . Media disconnected Connection-specific DNS Suffix . : ATRIA

Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection:

Connection-specific DNS Suffix .:

IPv4 Address . . . . . : 192.168.1.101

Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0

Default Gateway . . . . : 192.168.1.1
```



STEP 1 (b): Connect Your Mobile

- Switch on the router and connect ACT internet cable to the WAN/Internet port of the router
- Go to setting in the Mobile, turn on Wi-Fi and wait until the mobile detects router name press the router name to connect.
- If the router is already configured and the Wi-Fi password is known then go to settings in the Mobile
- Under "Wireless and Networks", press Wi-Fi make sure "Wi-Fi" is turned on.
- Wait until the mobile detects router name press the router name if prompted enter the Wi-Fi password and press Connect.



NOTE

- Every Router Configuration has two parts
 - Configuring the Internet Part, where we tell the Router how to connect to the internet.
 - Configuring the Wi-Fi Part, where we decide the name and password with which we connect to the Router
- Internet Configuration shown here will guide to Configure the Router in PPPoE.
 - This will enable you to browse internet directly, every time you connect to the router. No need to login again and again.
- Wi-Fi Configuration has also been given, in order to ease the process of you connecting to the Router
 - SSID and Password Creation have been explained.
 - Few high end routers have two bands to work on -2.4 GHz and 5 GHz This router has both the Bands.
 - 2.4 GHz band provides higher range, but lesser speed.
 - 5 GHz band provides lower range, but higher speed.
 - Changing Different Wi-Fi Channels Helps in reducing Slow Speed Issues.



STEP 2: Logging into the Router

• Open a browser → Enter the below IP Address in the Address Bar. A login page appears. The usual usernames and passwords are given in the table below.

Router Name	IP Address	Username	Password
Cisco or Linksys	192.168.1.1	admin	admin
D-Link	192.168.0.1	admin	(blank)
TP-Link	192.168.0.1	admin	admin
Netgear	192.168.1.1	admin	password
Belkin	192.168.2.1	Click on Login in Home	(blank)
Tenda	192.168.0.1	admin	admin
i-Ball Baton	192.168.1.1	admin	admin
Digisol	192.168.2.1	admin	1234 or admin
Asus	192.168.1.1	admin	admin

• If all the above credentials do not work, please check the back of the router where the username and password will be mentioned.



STEP 2.1: Logging into the Router

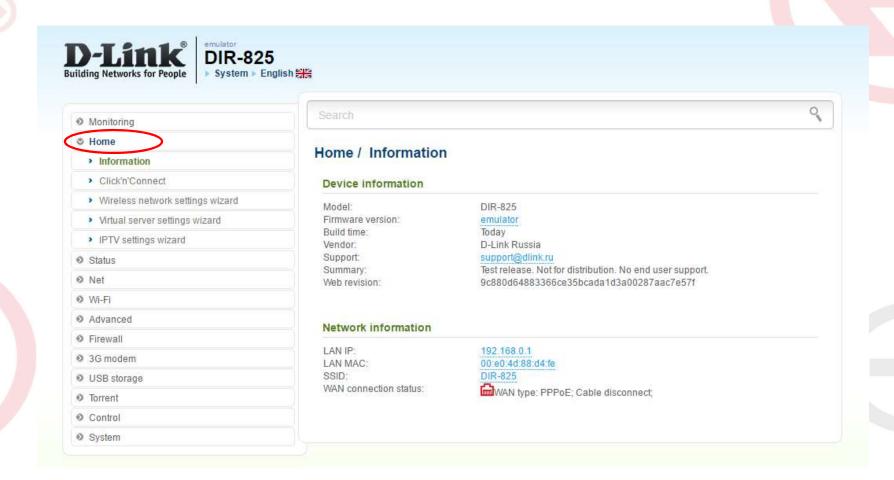
The username is "Admin" and no password(blank)



Login	admin
Password	

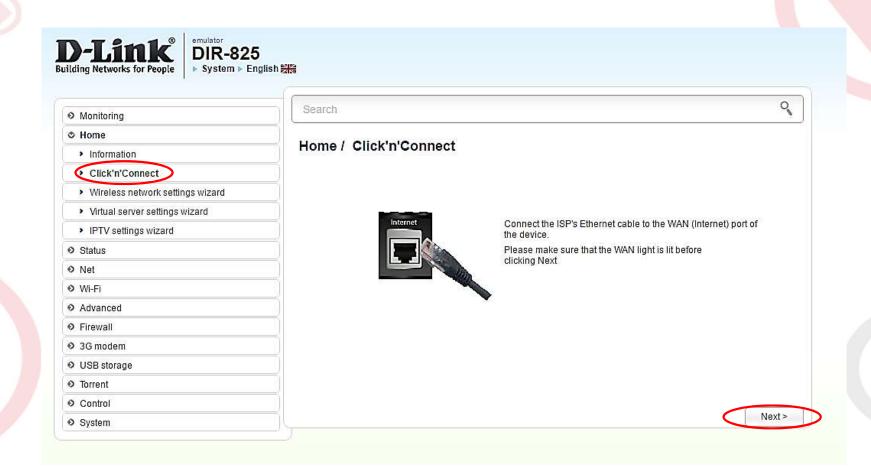


STEP 2.2: Home Page



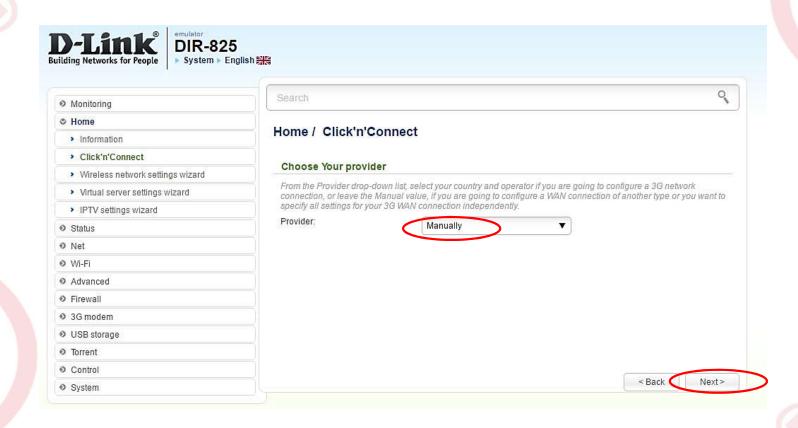


STEP 2.3: Click'n'Connect





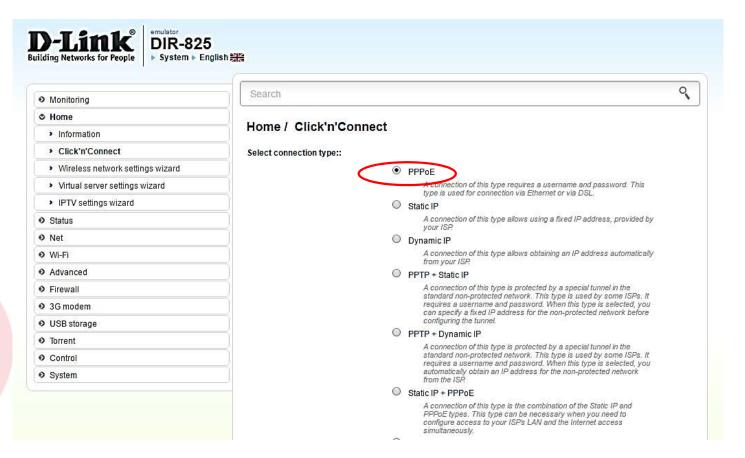
STEP 2.4:Under Click n connect > Provider Manually > Next





STEP 3.1: Internet Connectivity – PPPoE Configuration

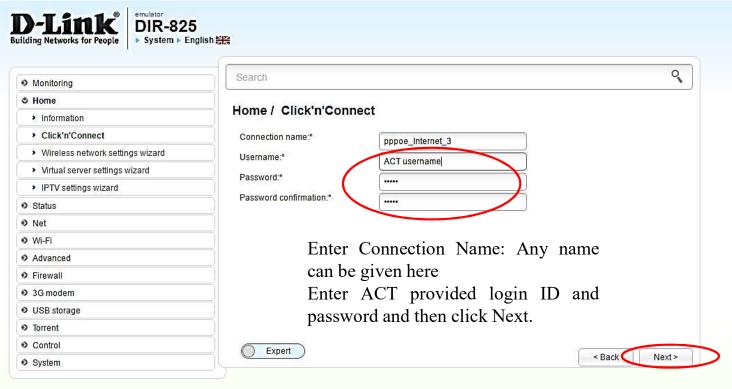
Choose PPPoE in the connection type > Next





STEP 3.2: Internet Connectivity – PPPoE Configuration

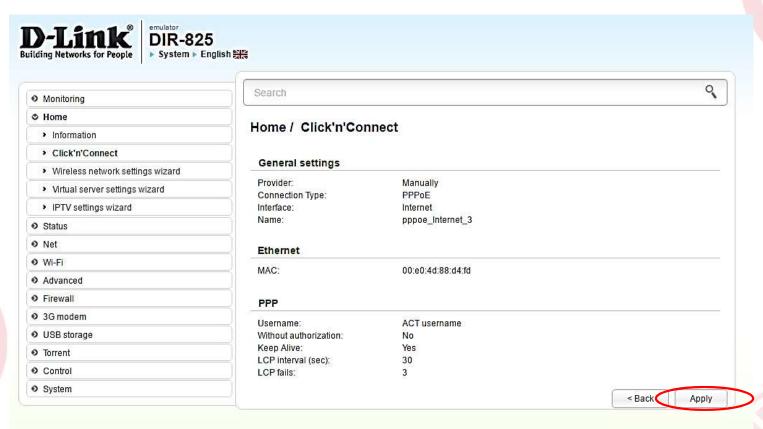
Home > Click'n'Connect > Manual > PPPoE > Enter the username provided by ACT > password provided by ACT > Next





STEP 3.3: Internet Connectivity – PPPoE Configuration

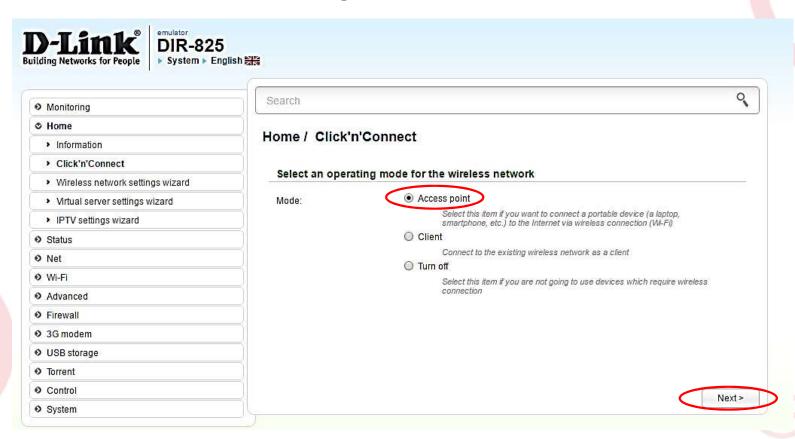
The PPPoE session is created > Apply





STEP 4: Wi-Fi Connectivity – Router SSID/Password Configuration

Under wireless network mode choose > Access point > Next





STEP 4: Wi-Fi Connectivity – Router SSID/Password Configuration

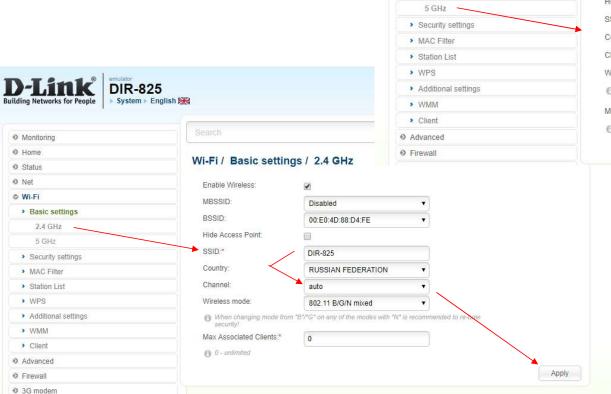
Provide any name to the router under SSID > Next > Under security authentication > select Protected > enter any 8 character password under network key > Next

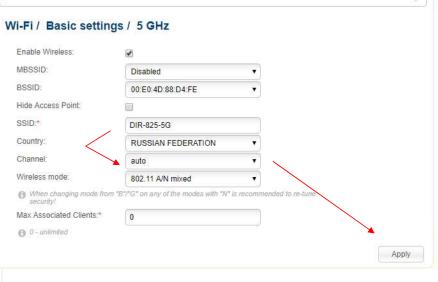






STEP 4: Wi-Fi Connectivity – Router SSID/Password Configuration





Under Wifi > Basic settings > 2.4 GHz/5 GHz > Enter the required SSID > the required channel as per the premises > Apply

You can choose appropriate channel based on premises. We have a separate slide on deciding Channel Number. Refer this slide:

Step 7

▶ System ▶ English

Monitoring

O Home

StatusNet

O Wi-Fi

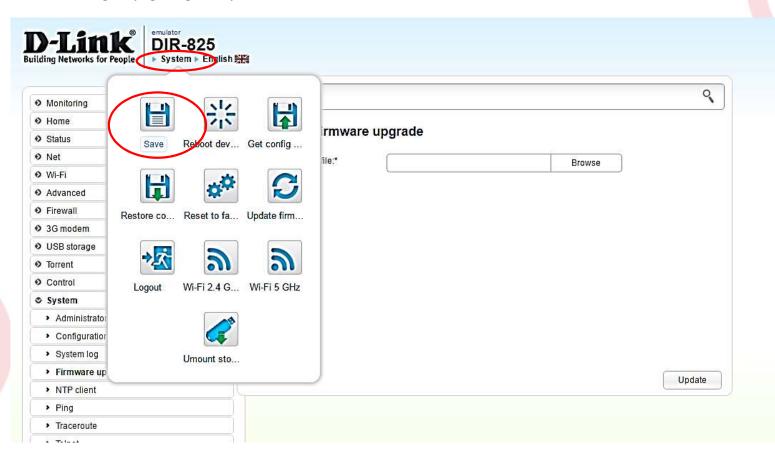
Basic settings

2.4 GHz



STEP 5: Saving Configuration

Save all the settings by going to System > Save





STEP 6 (As and when required): Firmware upgrade

Under System > firmware upgrade > Select the update file from the PC which has been downloaded from the router website > Update the router



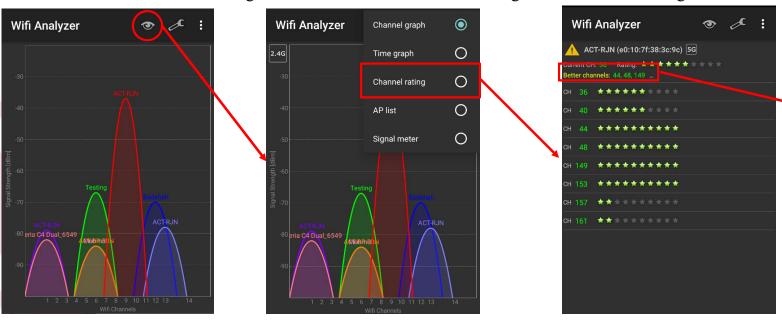
You can choose to download a Firmware version and then upload it offline or choose to download directly from internet itself

Monitoring	Search	9,
◆ Home		
Status	System / Firmware upgrade	
• Net	Select update file:*	Browse
v Wi-Fi		District
Advanced		
Firewall		
3 G modem		
USB storage		
• Torrent		
O Control		
⊅ System		
 Administrator password 		
 Configuration 		
➤ System log		
 Firmware upgrade 		Update
➤ NTP client		Opulie
➤ Ping		
 Traceroute 		



STEP 7: Channel Change (As and when required)

- Channels are the mediums through which your router transmits signals to other devices.
- There are several channels that one can choose from, based on the Frequency at which your router works (Bands 2.4 GHz or 5GHz) and the premises.
 - Step A: Download any Wi-Fi Analyzer software from Internet (It is a Freeware).
 - Step B: Choose to view different channels. We have provided an Example for better understanding.
 - Step C: Channel numbers for 2.4 GHz will be in the range of 1 to 14, where as for 5 GHz band will be > 36.
 - Step D: Wi-Fi analyzer will show which channel is being utilized most and which one the least. Refer the example in the next slide. Choosing a channel with least utilization will give maximum advantage.



More Stars implies Lesser Utilization of Channel



Changes to be Made After Configuration

- If the Wi-Fi password is changed, we need to update the password in all the devices to get connected to the Internet.
- Changes in PC
 - Windows 7: Click on Windows button → click on Control Panel → click on Network and Internet → click on Network and Sharing Centre.
 - In the Tasks pane(Left side of screen), click Manage wireless networks
 - Right-click the router name \rightarrow click Remove network \rightarrow click on OK.
 - Click on Network icon(right bottom corner next to system Time), click on Router name and enter the new Wi-Fi
 password and Connect.



Changes in PC

- Win 8, 8.1: Click on Network icon(right bottom corner next to system Time), Right click on Router name click on "Forget this network". Again click on Router name, enter the new Wi-Fi password and Connect.
- Win 10: Click on Network icon(right bottom corner next to system Time), click on Network settings under Wi-Fi click on Manage known Networks → Click on your Router name and Click on Forget, and again click on Network icon → click on Router name enter the new Wi-Fi password and Connect

Mobile or Tablet

Go to 'Settings' in Mobile, turn on Wi-Fi and long press on your Router name and press "Forget network". Again press the router name. You will be prompted to enter the Wi-Fi password. Enter the Password and Connect.